

Mud'af in Mujarrad Family. [DAY: 27]

We know the sounds in Mujarrad Families.

ا - u ← نَصْرٌ يَنْصُرُو

ا - i ← ضَرْبٌ يَضْرِبُ

ا - a ← فَتْحٌ يَفْتَحُ

i - a ← سَمِعَ يَسْمَعُ

i - i ← حَسِبَ يَحْسِبُ

u - u ← كَرُمٌ يَكْرُمُ

The process to recognize small families:-

It can be : فَتْرَةٌ ← (حَسِبَ/سَمِعَ) فَتْرَةٌ ← فِرْرَةٌ

(نَصْرٌ/فَتْحٌ/ضَرْبٌ) فَتْرَةٌ ← فَرْرَةٌ

(كُرُمٌ/كَرُمٌ) فَتْرَةٌ ← فَرْرَةٌ

- ⊙ B'g when the 2 letter are mushed together we don't know what was the harakah of the 2nd letter.
- ⊙ ∴ We don't know which family it & belongs to:-
- ⊙ Also the Masdar in Mujarrad families need not rhyme. Fueqa.co gives us the answer to which family it belongs & what's the masdar.

Process :-

Step 1 :- Go to Aratools.com.

Step 2 :- Type فررت (without harakah)

We get فَرَزَتْ (Fatha)

(Type the split version) OR

Type فررن (without harakah)

We get فَرَزَنْ (Fatha)

which means Ans is فَرَزْ

So it can be :- نَصْرَ / ضَرْبَ / فَتْحَ

Step 3 :- Since we need only one answer we go to Aratools.com

Type: يجر (without harakah)

We get يَجِرُ (Kasrah)

which means answer is يَضْرِبُ

Step 4 :- We have ^{family} ضَرْبُ يَضْرِبُ as our answer

* Another way to figure out Maadi is Furqan.co :-

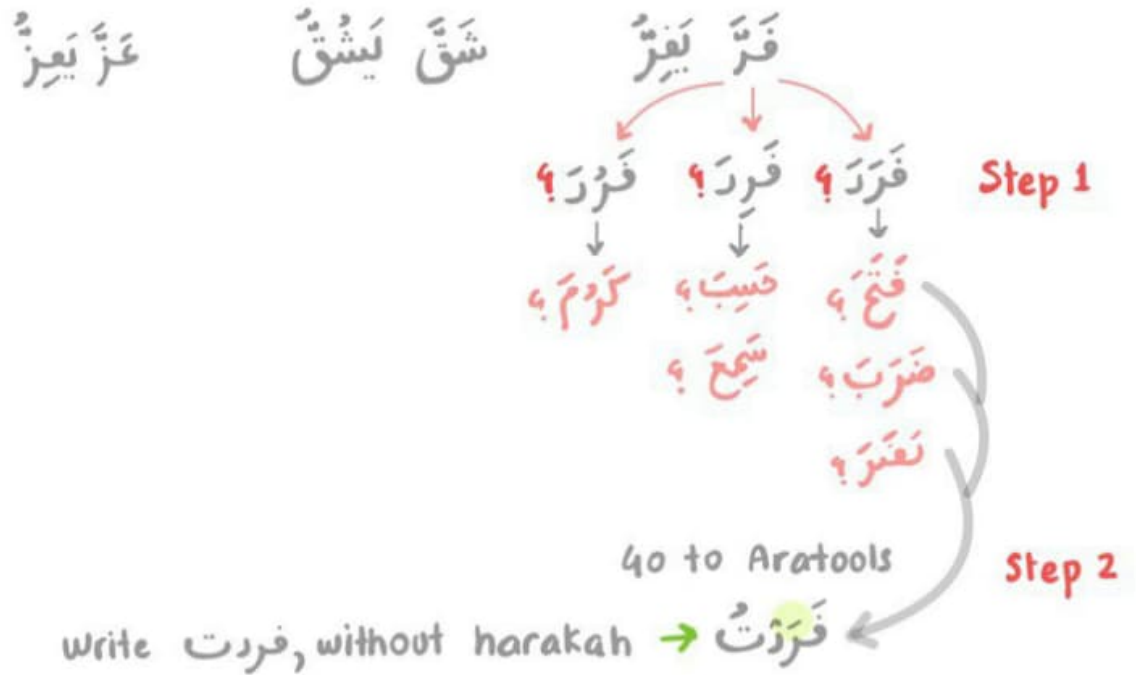
Step 1 Type - يَنْتَه _{يَنْتَه} (without harakah) →

Step 2 Go to Nisaan Ul Arab (Dictionary at the bottom)

Step 3 we get :- نَصْرَ يَنْصُرُ (نَصْرَ يَنْصُرُ)

MUD'AAF - SMALL SIX FAMILIES

كَرُمَ يَكْرُمُ (U-U) صَرَبَ يَصْرِبُ (A-I) حَسِبَ يَحْسِبُ (i-i) فَتَحَ يَفْتَحُ (A-A) سَمِعَ يَسْمَعُ (I-A) نَصَرَ يَنْصُرُ (A-U)



You have to check from where the split happens

هم فَرَدُوا	فَرَدْتُ	فَرَدْتُ
هن فَرَدْنَ / فَرَدْنَ / فَرَدْنَ	فَرَدْتُ	فَرَدْتُ

Step 3 Three possible answers as the harakah on the middle letter is fatha

صَرَبَ فَتَحَ نَصَرَ سَمِعَ حَسِبَ كَرُمَ

↓ ↓ ↓ X X X

Step 4 يَصْرِبُ يَفْتَحُ يَفِرُّ **Eliminated**

* Or go to:
Furqan.Co
Lisan-ul-Arab

Step 5 Go to Aratools & write يفر without harakah.

We find يَفِرُّ → فَرَّ → صَرَبَ يَصْرِبُ

بَيْتٌ بَيْتٌ

Step 1: Figure out Maadi first.

• It could be بَيْتٌ بَيْتٌ بَيْتٌ

Step 2 • Go to Furqan.co, write بَيْتٌ under معاجز → لسان العرب

It could be بَيْتٌ or بَيْتٌ

Step 3 • Go to Aratools, type up بَيْتٌ, to know the harakah after split

We find بَيْتٌ, so it could be فَعَّ ضَرَبَ نَعَرَ

Step 4 • For Mudaari, go to Aratools again & type up بَيْتٌ, it gives بَيْتٌ

So, it's بَيْتٌ بَيْتٌ, so it is نَعَرَ يَنْفَعُ

Could it be كَرَّمَ يَكْرُمُ? No, bcoz بَيْتٌ is not لازم

دَسٌّ يَدَسُّ

Go to Furqan.co, type دَسٌّ

It gives us دَسٌّ يَدَسُّ

Reminder about Masdars: In small families, these don't have to be rhyming & on same pattern.

قَبٌّ