

NAHW DAY 4

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

12/03/20

The word مُضَافٌ إِلَيْهِ applies to مَجْرُورٌ

The word مَجْرُورٌ applies to whatever جَرٌّ comes after

What is the difference between جَرٌّ and مُضَافٌ إِلَيْهِ ?

مَجْرُورٌ is the status and مُضَافٌ إِلَيْهِ is one place where you use that status.

مُضَافٌ إِلَيْهِ is suppose to be مَجْرُورٌ and جَرٌّ is suppose to be followed by مَجْرُورٌ

Note: تَابِعٌ – follower

Same status because its following someone else.

وَ is another way of making تَابِعٌ

صِفَةٌ is another way of making تَابِعٌ

جَرٌّ is a secondary reason to be تَابِعٌ

Its borrowing jarrnes from مُضَافٌ إِلَيْهِ or it got beat up by hoj.

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

رَبُّ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ

Note: how do you know when a fragment needs a rearranging?

Whenever you see possession (his,hers,my,our etc) the fragment can be rearranged to show the “of”

Note: (مَجْرُور is مُضَافٌ إِلَيْهِ) (مَنْصُوب is مَفْعُول) (مَرْفُوع is فَاعِل)